

PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION No: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 1 of 29

RISK ASSESSMENT AND IMPACT ANALYSIS OF PLC SYSTEM FOR DOUBLE SIDE ROTARY TABLET COMPRESSION M/C 45 STN (ACCURA PRESS IV)

System Name	DOUBLE SIDE ROTARY TABLET COMPRESSION M/C 45 STN (ACCURA PRESS IV)
System ID	•••••
Location	COMPRESSION
Effective Date	



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION No: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 2 of 29

CONTENTS

1.0.0 PRE APPROVAL SIGNATURES:	3
2.0.0 GENERAL:	4
2.1.0 PURPOSE: 4 2.2.0 SCOPE: 4 2.3.0 BACKGROUND: 4 2.4.0 REVISION HISTORY: 4 2.5.0 REFERENCES: 5 2.6.0 RESPONSIBILITY: 6	
3.0.0 RISK ASSESSMENT:	7
4.0.0 RISK ASSESSMENT	12
5.0.0 SUMMARY REPORT	27
6.0.0 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	28
7.0.0 POST APPROVAL SIGNATURES	29



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION No: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 3 of 29

1.0.0 PRE APPROVAL SIGNATURES:

The signatures below indicate approval of this Risk assessment of PLC system of Double side rotary tablet compression M/C 45 STN (Accura press IV) indicates that it is ready for execution.

RISK ASSESSMENT PRE-APPROVAL

Function	Name	Department	Designation	Signature/Date
		0	0	
Prepared by		Engineering		
Reviewed by		Engineering		
Reviewed by		Production		
Reviewed by		Quality Assurance		

Final Approval: Final approval has been given by the following

Function	Name	Designation	Signature/Date
Approved by		Head Quality Assurance	



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION No: 00
FFFFCTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 4 of 29

2.0.0 **GENERAL**:

2.1.0 **PURPOSE**:

A principal purpose of this document is to identify and evaluate the risk factor of PLC system of Double Side Rotary Tablet Compression M/C 45 STN (Accura press IV) and also provides its mitigations. The purpose of the risk assessment is to minimize affect the safety, quality, reliability or durability of a product and to get maximum benefits of CGMP from PLC system of Double Side Rotary Tablet Compression M/C 45 STN (Accura press IV). This document identifies the functions which may impact on patient safety, data integrity and product quality.

2.2.0 **SCOPE**:

The scope of this document is to identify the Risk of PLC Double Side Rotary Tablet Compression M/C 45 Stn (Accura Press IV). Risk Assessment process has following points.

- Identify Risk
- Individual function risk scenario
- Identify and verify appropriate controls
- Mitigation for function risk scenario

2.3.0 BACKGROUND:

2.4.0 REVISION HISTORY:

Version No.	Effective Date	Reason for Change
00		New Document



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION No: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE.

PAGE No.: 5 of 29

2.5.0 REFERENCES:

The test and execution procedure within the scope of the Risk assessment document are consistence with the following reference.

Guideline	<u>Details</u>
GAMP-5	Good Automated Manufacturing Practices
21 CFR Part 210	Code of Federal Regulations, Current Good Manufacturing Practices in Manufacturing Processing, Packing.
21 CFR Part 211	Code of Federal Regulations, Current Good Manufacturing Practices for finished Pharmaceuticals.
EU GMP Annex-11	European Union Good Manufacturing Practices Annexure-11



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION No: 00
FFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 6 of 29

2.6.0 RESPONSIBILITY:

- Preparation and execution of Risk Assessment document.
- > Initiate risk assessment study in coordination with Production, Quality Assurance and Engineering.
- ➤ Provide training to the persons, who present during execution, of this study.

Engineering	Production	Quality Assurance		
Co-ordinate during execution of Risk Assessment.	Co-ordinate during execution of Risk Assessment activities.	Co-ordinate during execution of Risk Assessment activities.		
 To provide utilities for Risk Assessment. To check the Risk Assessment document. 	 Provide personnel for facilitating the execution of Risk Assessment activity. Check that test requirements are completed. To check the Risk Assessment document. 	To check and approve the Risk Assessment document.		

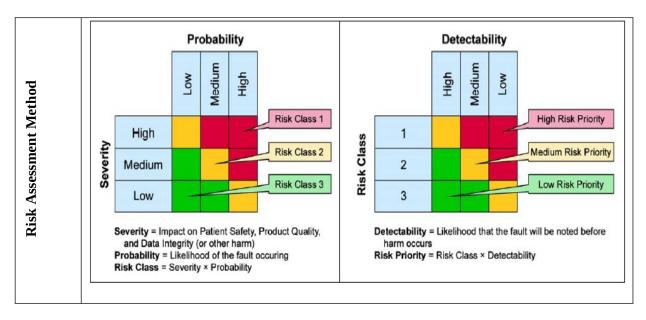


PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION No: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 7 of 29

3.0.0 RISK ASSESSMENT:

- Risk is the combination of the probability of occurrence of harm & the severity of that harm. Risk assessment shall be done to determine the criticality of the system to the process (with respect to product efficacy or patient safety.
- Risk assessment together shall help to determine the strategy & priority in which each system should be
 addressed for remedial action. High criticality systems with poor compliance shall result in a high priority for
 remedial action, whereas, low criticality systems with poor compliance may fall below the threshold for
 remedial action.





(ACCURA PRESS IV)

PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION No: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 8 of 29

• Risk Severity (Impact or Significance):

- O Risk assessment requires not only the identification of the immediate effects of the risk but also the long term and widespread impact of those effects. These effects must take into account a wide variety of issues including impact on regulatory compliance. Impact on Patient safety, product quality and data integrity (or other harm) may be considered. A suggested method of representing this is as per as Low (L), Medium (M) or High (H).
- O <u>Low</u>: Expected to have a minor negative impact. The damage would not be expected to have a long term detrimental effect.
- o **Medium**: Expected to have a moderate impact. The impact could be expected to have short to medium term detrimental effects.
- o <u>High</u>: Expected to have a very significant negative impact. The impact could be expected to have significant long-term effects and potentially catastrophic short-term effects.

• Risk Classification (Risk Class):

o Based on the Risk Likelihood & Severity of risk, identify the risk class. It may be mentioned as Class 1, Class 2 or Class 3 as per Table.

• Probability of Detection (Detectability):

- o The purpose of this stage in the assessment process is to identify if the risk event is recognized or detected by other means in the system. Hence a Class 1 risk, if it has a high probability of detection may not pose such a serious threat because it can be recognized quickly and suitable corrective actions can be taken to mitigate its impact. Conversely, if the same fault has low probability of detection then one needs to seriously consider review of the design or the implementation of alternate procedures to avoid the event. It may be mentioned as Low (L), Medium (M) or High (H).
- O **Low**: Detection of the fault condition is perceived to be unlikely.
- o **Medium**: Detection of the fault condition is perceived to be reasonably likely.
- O **<u>High</u>**: Detection of the fault condition is perceived to be highly likely.

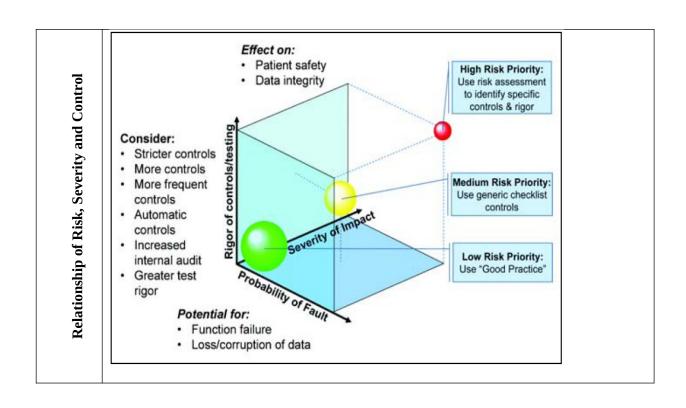


PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION No: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 9 of 29

• Risk Priority:

- o By combining the Risk Classification with the Probability of Detection, it is possible to prioritize, which determines how urgent and important it is to mitigate a particular risk.
- o Once these priorities have been determined the team can proceed to define and document the appropriate measure(s) to mitigate the adverse event that poses the risk. Risk Priority may be mentioned as High Priority, Medium Priority or Low Priority. Table below provides the guidance to arriving at the Risk Priority.
- O Risk assessment together shall help to determine the strategy & priority in which each system should be addressed for remedial action. High criticality systems with poor compliance shall result in a high priority for remedial action, whereas, low criticality systems with poor compliance may fall below the threshold for remedial action.





(ACCURA PRESS IV)

PROTOCOL No.:
.....REVISION No: 00

PAGE No.: 10 of 29

EFFECTIVE DATE:

• Five step approach to risk management:

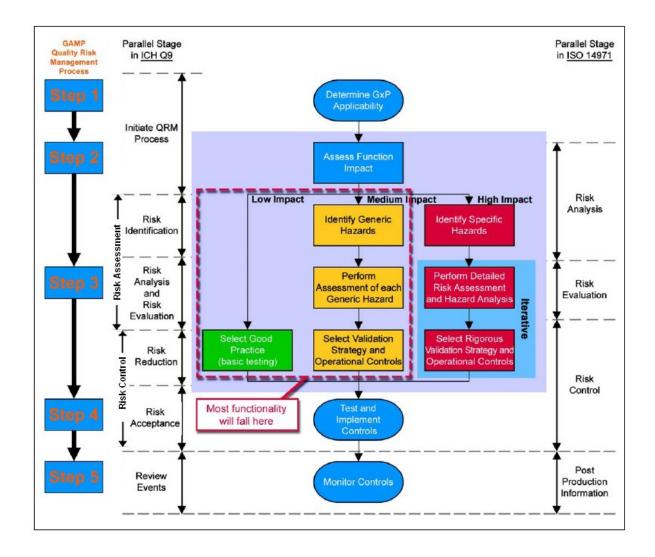
Step 1: Initial Assessment

Step 2: Identify functions with impact on patient safety, product quality & data integrity

Step 3: Perform functional risk assessments & identify controls

Step 4: Implement & verify appropriate testing & controls

Step 5: Review risks & monitor controls





(ACCURA PRESS IV)

•••••
REVISION No: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PROTOCOL No.:

PAGE No.: 11 of 29

Risk scenario	&	mitigation	approaches	are ev	valuated	module	wise.

□ Risk assessment should be performed considering the risk related to:

- Safety of product, personnel & environment
- PLC system hardware (component & sub component) & software.
 - O **Personnel**: All personnel should have appropriate qualifications, level of access and defined responsibility to carry out their assigned duties.
 - O **Change and configuration Management**: Any changes to a PLC system including system configurations, hardware and software, should only be made in a controlled manner in accordance with a standard procedure.
 - O **Periodic Evaluation**: PLC systems should be periodically evaluated to confirm that they remain in a valid state and are compliant with GMP.
 - O **Security and authorization**: Physical and/or logical controls should be in place to restrict access to PLC system to authorized persons. Suitable methods of preventing unauthorized entry to the system may include the use of keys, passwords, restricted access to computer equipment and data storage areas.
 - **Business Continuity**: For the availability of PLC system of supporting critical processes, provisions should be made to ensure continuity of support for those processes in the event of a system break down. The time required to bring the alternative arrangements into use should be based on risk and appropriate for a particular system and the business process it supports. These arrangements should be adequately documented and tested.
- ☐ Interlocks are measures that are put in place to reduce risk to an acceptable level. Interlocks are aimed at:
- Eliminating risk through process or system re-design: If any abnormality is observed during qualification the risk is mitigated through redesign the system.
- Reducing risk by reducing the probability of a failure occurring.

Reducing risk by increasing the in process detectability of failure (Emergency stop, limit switches, Sensors etc.).



PROTOCOL No.:
••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 12 of 29

4.0.0 RISK ASSESSMENT

	Risk assessment and control								
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)		
Personal, GXP risk data integrity	Unauthorized person may try to operate system and manipulate the system data	Low	High	2	Medium	Medium	Logical (System should password protected) security should in place to restrict access to unauthorized persons.		

Risk Assessment Post Mitigation									
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted			
Low	High	2	High	Low	Negligible				

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 13 of 29

	Risk assessment and control									
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)			
Equipment Risk	Unstable power supply may damage the PLC and HMI system	High	Medium	1	Low	High	Stable power supply (SMPS) should connect to equipment for prevention of PLC and HMI system.			

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation								
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted			
Low	Medium	Risk Class-3	High	Low	Negligible				

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 14 of 29

	Risk assessment and control								
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)		
Business and GMP Risk	Untrained person may try to operate the system	Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Training should be available for equipment operation		

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation								
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted			
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible				

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	



PROTOCOL No.:
••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 15 of 29

	Risk assessment and control									
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)			
System and GMP Risk	Any Change or configuration in the system hardware/software may impact its functionality.	Medium	Medium	2	Medium	Medium	Any change to a PLC system should be done in accordance with a standard procedure. Major modifications/ changes shall be followed by re-validation.			

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation									
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability Risk Priority		Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted				
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible					

Remarks:		
\Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 16 of 29

	Risk assessment and control									
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)			
Process, personnel And equipment risk	Machine may not be stop in case of emergency Push Button Operated	Medium	High	1	High	Medium	Emergency stop alarm and Interlock should be available In the system.			

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation							
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted		
Low	High	2	High	Low	Negligible			

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	

Risk assessment and control



PROTOCOL No.:
••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 17 of 29

Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)
Equipment & Process Risk	Improper Position of LHS Dozzer Assembly may affect the Punching Process.	Medium	Medium	Risk Class-2	Low	High	LHS Weight Dozzer Not In Position Alarm and interlock should be available in the system.

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation							
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted		
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible			

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	

Risk assessment and control							
Risk	Risk			Risk		Risk	Measures



PROTOCOL No.:
••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 18 of 29

Likelihood Detectability and control Severity Identification Class **Priority** Area (Risk mitigation) Improper Position of RHS Dozzer Equipment Risk RHS Weight Dozzer Not In Position Alarm and interlock should be & Process Assembly may Medium Medium Low High Class-2 available in the system. affect the Risk Punching Process.

Risk Assessment Post Mitigation								
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted		
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible			

Remarks:			
	D. B.C. (D.	W. W. IB. (OA) Ch. (B.)	
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	

Risk assessment and control							
Risk	Risk			Risk		Risk	Measures
Area	Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Class	Detectability	Priority	and control



PRO	LOCO I	L No.:	
•••••	• • • • • • • • •	•••••	
REV	SION	NO: 00	
EFFE	CTIVI	E DATE	:
PAG	E No.: 1	19 of 29	

							(Risk mitigation)
Equipment & Process Risk	Tripping of OLR of Turret Motor may stop the turret and compression process.	Medium	High	Risk Class-1	Low	High	Turret motor Overload Alarm and interlock Should be Available In the System.

Risk Assessment Post Mitigation							
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted	
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible		

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	

	Risk assessment and control								
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)		
Equipment	Overloading or	Medium	Medium	Risk	Low	High	Feeder motor overload Alarm and interlock should be available in the		



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 20 of 29

& Process Risk of feeder motor may stop the Feeding of material Class-2	system.
---	---------

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation								
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted			
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible				

Remarks: _			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 21 of 29

	Risk assessment and control									
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)			
Equipment & Process Risk	Overloaded hydraulic motor may affect the compression force	Medium	Medium	Risk Class-2	Medium	Medium	Hydraulic motor overload Alarm and interlock should be available in system.			

Risk Assessment Post Mitigation							
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted	
Low	Medium	2	High	Low	Negligible		

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	



DEMICION NO. 00	
DELICIONINO 00	
REVISION NO: 00	
EFFECTIVE DATE:	

PAGE No.: 22 of 29

	Risk assessment and control									
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)			
Equipment & Process Risk	Hydraulic oil level low may affect hydraulic adjustment and increasing the hydraulic pressure.	Low	Medium	Risk Class-3	Low	Medium	Hydraulic oil level low alarm and interlock should be available in system			

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation										
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted					
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible						

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	



PROTOCOL No.:
••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 23 of 29

	Risk assessment and control									
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)			
Equipment, Process & product risk	Overloading or Continues increment in LHS/RHS Main pressure. force may damage the punches and compression process	Medium	High	Risk Class- 1	Low	High	LHS/RHS Main pressure Overload alarm and interlock should be available in system			

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation									
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted				
Low	High	2	High	Low	Negligible					

Remarks:		
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:

Risk assessment and control



feeding process

RISK ASSESSMENT AND IMPACT ANALYSIS OF PLC SYSTEM FOR DOUBLE SIDE ROTARY TABLET COMPRESSION M/C 45 STN (ACCURA PRESS IV)

PROTOCOL No.:
••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 24 of 29

Measures Risk Risk Risk Risk Likelihood Severity **Detectability** and control Identification Class **Priority** Area (Risk mitigation) Tripping of OLR of LHS/RHS Feeder Risk Equipment LHS/RHS Feeder Motor VFD Trip alarm and interlock should be motor and if both & Process Medium Medium Class-Low High feeder is jammed available in system. Risk 2 may affect the

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation									
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted				
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible					

Remarks:		
Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	

Risk assessment and control							
	Risk	Risk		Risl		Risk	Measures



•••••	
REVISION NO: 00	0
EFFECTIVE DAT	E:

PAGE No.: 25 of 29

Area	Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Class	Detectability	Priority	and control (Risk mitigation)
Personal & Process Risk	If Machine Front/Rear Guard are in open condition may Affect on human safety process is stoop	Low	Medium	Risk Class- 3	Medium	Low	Machine Front/Rear Guard open alarm and interlock should be available in system

	Risk Assessment Post Mitigation							
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted		
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible			

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	



PROTOCOL No.:
••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 26 of 29

	Risk assessment and control							
Risk Area	Risk Identification	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Measures and control (Risk mitigation)	
Process & Product Risk	If low level of powder in LHS/RHS Hooper may affect the process.	Low	Medium	Risk Class- 3	Medium	Low	LHS/RHS Hooper Powder Level Low alarm and interlock should available in the system.	

Risk Assessment Post Mitigation							
Likelihood	Severity	Risk Class	Detectability	Risk Priority	Residual Risk (Post Mitigation)	Risk Eliminated & Accepted/ Risk Reduced & Accepted	
Low	Medium	3	High	Low	Negligible		

Remarks:			
	Done By Sign / Date:	Verified By (QA) Sign / Date:	



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION NO: 00
EEEECTIVE DATE.

PAGE No.: 27 of 29

5.0.0 <u>SU</u>	MMARY REPORT			
-				
-				
-				
-				

Function	Name	Department	Sign. & Date
Done by		Validation Engineering	
Verified by		QA	



(ACCURA PRESS IV)

PROTOCOL No.:
......

REVISION NO: 00

EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 28 of 29

6.0.0 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

<u>Acronym</u>	Description
_	
$CGMP \rightarrow$	Current Good Manufacturing Practices
$GAMP \rightarrow$	Good Automated Manufacturing Practices
$_{\rm GMP}$ \rightarrow	Good Manufacturing Practices
ID →	Id entification Number
IO →	Input Output
IQ →	Installation Qualification
PLC →	Programmable Logic Controller
CFR →	Code of Federal Regulation
_{HMI} →	Human Machine Interface
RA →	Risk Assessment
M/C →	M achine



PROTOCOL No.:
•••••
REVISION NO: 00
EFFECTIVE DATE:

PAGE No.: 29 of 29

7.0.0 POST APPROVAL SIGNATURES

This is specific Risk Assessment of the PLC system of Double Side Rotary Tablet Compression M/C 45 STN (Accura press IV). This Document is Checked and approved by the following.

RISK ASSESSMENT POST APPROVAL

Function	Name	Department	Designation	Signature/Date
Checked by		Engineering		
Reviewed by		Engineering		
Reviewed by		Production		
Reviewed by		Quality Assurance		

Final Approval: Final approval has been given by the following

Function Name		Designation	Signature/Date
Approved by		Head Quality Assurance	