

MICROBIOLOGY DEPARTMENT

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE					
Title: Microbial Swab Recovery Validation					
SOP No.:		Department:	Microbiology		
SOP No.:		Effective Date:			
Revision No.:	00	Revision Date:			
Supersede Revision No.:	Nil	Page No.:	1 of 5		

- 1. **Purpose:** The purpose of this SOP is to describe the procedure for microbial swab recovery validation.
- 2. Scope: This SOP is applicable to different sections of non sterile drug product manufacturing areas like sampling area, dispensing area (RMS), Tablet manufacturing area, Capsule manufacturing area & QC Microbiology area.

3. References, Attachments & Annexures:

3.1. References:

- 3.1.1. In house
- 3.1.2. SOP Receipt, storage, preparation and growth promotion test, used and disposal of microbiological media.

3.2. Attachments:

3.2.1. Attachment-1: Microbial swab recovery validation template

3.3. Annexures:

3.3.1. Annexure-1: Swab sample analytical worksheet

4. Responsibilities:

4.1. Microbiologist:

- 4.1.1. To perform the activity as per SOP
- 4.1.2. To maintain the records as per SOP

4.2. **QC Head or designee:**

- 4.2.1. To check the SOP
- 4.2.2. To give the training to all concerned persons before implementation of SOP

4.3. Quality Assurance:

- 4.3.1. To check control & issue of the SOP
- 4.3.2. To ensure that system is implemented as per SOP

4.4. Regulatory Affairs, Quality Head , Plant Head:

4.4.1. To review and approve the SOP

5. Distributions:

- 5.1. Quality Assurance
- 5.2. Quality Control
- 5.3. Microbiology
- 5.4. Production
- 5.5. RMS (Ware house)

6. Abbreviations & Definition of terms:

6.1. Abbreviations:

- 6.1.1. No. : Number
- 6.1.2. NA : Not Applicable
- 6.1.3. SCDA : Soyabean Casein Digest Agar



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- 6.1.4. NMT : Not more than
- 6.1.5. RMS : Raw material store
- 6.2. **Definition of terms:** None

7. Procedure:

7.1. **Pre-requisites:**

- 7.1.1. Sterilized SCDA (Soyabean Casein Digest Agar) media
- 7.1.2. Micropipette
- 7.1.3. Sterile swab
- 7.1.4. Prepare and sterilize all the media, which is used in the microbiology laboratory.
- 7.1.5. Microorganism recovery validation from swab sample from stainless steel surface.

7.1.5.1.SS Plate Preparation:

- 7.1.5.1.1. Take a clean & sterilized pipette and stainless steel (SS) plate (5x5 cm or 10x10 cm)
- 7.1.5.1.2. Dispense 1ml of the spiked microorganism (less than 100cfu/ml) evenly on the plate.
- 7.1.5.1.3. Allow the plate to dry.

7.2. Sampling:

- 7.2.1. Moisten the sterile cotton swabs in sterile purified water just prior to collection of sample.
- 7.2.2. Carry out swab sampling of the plate surface over an area of approximately 5x5 cm or 10x10 cm.
- 7.2.3. Using gentle strokes, rub the swab over the plate surface horizontally ten times in each identified location as per sampling plan.
- 7.2.4. Next rub the swab over the plate surface vertically ten times in each identified location.
- 7.2.5. Collect the swab samples in such a manner that an area of approximately 5x5 cm or 10x10 cm is covered.
- 7.2.6. Immerse the swab in a sterile tube containing 3 ml of sterile purified water and close the tubes.
- 7.2.7. Perform the analysis within two hours. In case it is not possible to perform the analysis within two hours, refrigerate the samples at 2-8°C but for NMT 24 hours.

7.3. Testing:

- 7.3.1. Vortex the tube containing the swab used for sampling the plate surface before pipetting the sample.
- 7.3.2. Aseptically transfer 1ml aliquots from the sample tube into sterile petri-dish.
- 7.3.3. Pour 15-20ml of each sterile SCDA (Soyabean Casein Digest Agar) for microbial growth.
- 7.3.4. Perform the test in triplicate.
- 7.3.5. Plate the same concentration of inoculum used for plate study purpose.
- 7.3.6. Incubate the Soyabean Casein Digest Agar plates at 30-35°c for 3-5 days (for bacterial) and for 5-7 days at 20-25°c (for fungal).
- 7.3.7. On completion of incubation, count colonies on each of the petri plates.



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7.4. **Interpretation and Results:** Calculate the percentage of microorganism recovery by the following formula:

% of Microorganism recovery = <u>3 x Observed Count (Swab) x 100</u> Inoculums count (Challenge count)

7.5. Acceptance Criteria: Swab recovery should be more than 70%.

7.6. Result and Evaluation:

- 7.6.1. Note down the result as per attachment-1.
- 7.6.2. Based on the test performed, the % swab recovery and their correction factor for routine analysis will be established.
- 7.7. **Revalidation:** Revalidation will be in the following condition:
 - 7.7.1. Manufacturer of swab change.
 - 7.7.2. New sample introduced with S.S. surface as mentioned above.

7.8. Swab Sampling and testing procedure for Oral solid dosages form:

- 7.8.1. Prepare Soyabean casein digest agar plates and preincubate them at 30-35°c for 24 hours as per SOP.
- 7.8.2. Take purified water and sterilize it at 121°C for 15 min.
- 7.8.3. Take this sterilized purified water and sterilized swab to the LAF area .Aseptically fill 3 ml sterilized water in the test-tube and place one swab stick in each test-tube.
- 7.8.4. Hold these tubes in vertical position in test-tube and place them in container.
- 7.8.5. Take this container to the production area.
- 7.8.6. Aseptically open the tube and press the dipped sterile swab to the wall of the tube to remove the excess water .
- 7.8.7. Swab sampling procedure should be as per step no. 7.2 and dip the swab in the tube and close tightly.
- 7.8.8. Now in the same manner take these tubes to the LAF area and pour 1 ml of swab sample into petri dish and add 15-20 ml of SCDA medium (previously cooled at about 45°c).
- 7.8.9. All the plates should be mark with properly date and location.
- 7.8.10. Place these plates in incubator at 20-25°Cfor 72 hrs (for fungal) and further incubate 30-35°C for 48 hrs (for bacterial).
- 7.8.11. After above incubation period observe microbial (bacterial/fungal) growth.



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Attachment-1 Microbial Swab Recovery Validation template

Name of the Media	Media Lot No	
Incubator ID	Temperature	
Incubation -From	То	

1. Culture Details:

- 1.1 Name of the Culture :
- 1.2 Stock Culture Concentration:

2. Recovery:

Microorganism recovery validation from swab sample from stainless steel surface Volume of Suspension Used =

Ir	noculum Co	unt	Swab Recovery Count			% Recovery
Plate-1	Plate-2	Plate-3	P-1	P-2	P-3	
	Average =		Average =			

% Recovery $= 3 \times Observed Count (Swab) \times 100$

Inoculums count (Challenge count)

Correction factor = 100

(For routine analysis) % Recovery

Remarks: Microorganism swab recovery validation study Complies / Does not comply as per in-house specification.

Done By:	Checked By:	Approved By:
Date:	Date:	Date:



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Annexure-1 Swab sample analytical worksheet

AR No. :	Media lot No. :		
Date of sampling :	Date of analysis :		
Media used :	Date of observation :		
Incubator Code (Bacterial) :	Incubator Code (Fungal) :		
Temperature: 20 to 25 °C for 72hrs and 30 to 35 °C further 48 hrs			

S.No.		Count after 48 hrs	Total counts	Analysed by	Checked by

8. History:

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