

QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT

PROTOCOL CUM REPORT FOR RISK ASSESSMENT FOR EXCIPIENT MANUFACTURER

RISK ASSESSMENT PROTOCOL CUM REPORT FOR EXCIPIENT MANUFACTURER

Name of material:	TRI – CALCIUM PHOSPHATE
Name of manufacturer:	XXXXX
Manufacturing site address:	XXXXXXX



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PROTOCOL CUM REPORT FOR RISK ASSESSMENT FOR EXCIPIENT MANUFACTURER

1.0 TABLE OF CONTENT

S.No.	Description	Page No.
-	Cover Page	01
1.0	Table of Content	02
2.0	Approval	03
3.0	Objective	04
4.0	Scope	04
5.0	Responsibility	04
6.0	Methodology	05
7.0	Acceptance Criteria	08
8.0	Risk Assessment	09
9.0	Deviation	15
10.0	Summary and Conclusion	15



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PROTOCOL CUM REPORT FOR RISK ASSESSMENT FOR EXCIPIENT MANUFACTURER

2.0 APPROVAL:

The protocol cum report shall be prepare, review and, approved for execution by quality assurance; if any modification to this becomes necessary an addendum shall be prepared and duly approved by quality assurance.

Prepared By	Name	Signature and Date
Quality Assurance		
Reviewed By		
Quality Assurance		
Approved By		
Head - Quality Assurance		



QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT

PROTOCOL CUM REPORT FOR RISK ASSESSMENT FOR EXCIPIENT MANUFACTURER

3.0 **OBJECTIVE**:

The objective of this protocol cum report is;

To evaluate the risk associated in the procurement of the excipient/s: **Tri** – **Calcium Phosphate** from **XXXX** (Manufacturing Site: **XXXXX**) and in inclusion in the approved vendor list and for continuous.

- Assessment of the associated quality and safety aspects in the procurement of excipient from the said excipient manufacturer.
- To evaluate the criticality of the risk and the classification of the risk (viz; Low, Medium, and High) associated with the procurement of Excipient from the said Manufacturer.
- To establish the need of Physical audit in the case the associated risk is high in the case of procurement of the said excipient from the said manufacturer and closure of audit report prior to inclusion in the approved vendor list.
- Ongoing Risk review during the supply of the said excipient from the said excipient manufacturer.

4.0 SCOPE:

The scope of this protocol cum report is applicable to evaluate the risk associated in the procurement of the excipient from the said Excipient Manufacturer and to establish the needs of physical audit (if required) and closure of audit report prior to inclusion of the excipient manufacturer in the approved vendor list.

5.0 **RESPONSIBILITY:**

- **5.1** Authorized designee of Research and Development shall be responsible to provide the documents of technology transfer to the authorized designee of quality assurance prior for effective evaluation of requirements prior to initiate the manufacturing of the products at the site.
- **5.2** Head Quality Assurance/Designee shall be responsible for the evaluation of excipient manufacturer mentioned in the respective technology transfer document.
- **5.3** Head Quality Assurance shall establish the need of physical audit of the excipient manufacturer and closure of audit based on the outcome prior to inclusion in the approved vendor list (if required).



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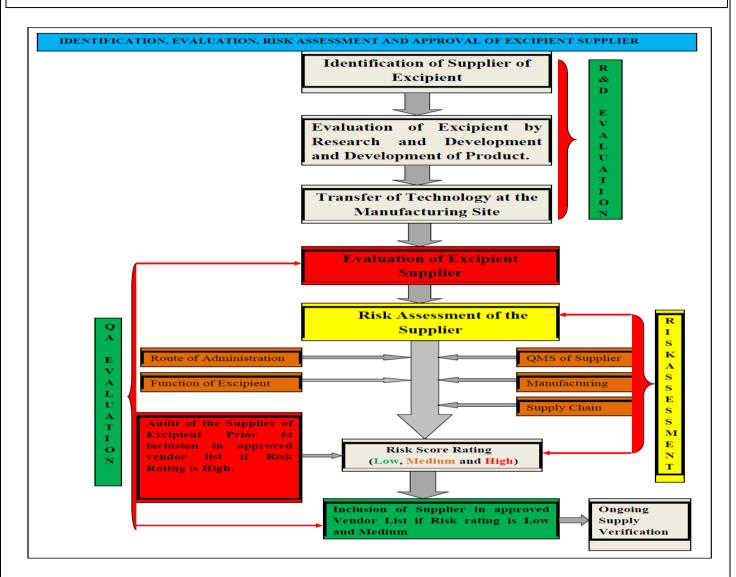
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6.0 METHODOLOGY:

- **6.1** Authorized designee of Quality Assurance shall send the assessment questionnaires to the respective excipient manufacturer mentioned in the technology transfer of the respective product.
- **6.2** Authorized designee of Quality Assurance shall evaluate the assessment questionnaires and related documents received from the said excipient manufacturer.
- **6.3** Authorized designee of the quality assurance shall evaluate the associated risk with the excipient manufacturer based on the received assessment questionnaire and the related documents.
- **6.4** Authorized designee of the Quality Assurance shall evaluate the risk by considering the below mentioned aspects (but not limited to) after the receipt of assessment questionnaire and the related documents; the mentioned basic flow shall also describe the approach of assessment of excipient manufacturer;
- > Route of Administration of Excipient.
- > Function of Excipient.
- > QMS established at the manufacturing facility of Excipient Manufacturer.
- > Manufacturing Process.
- > Supply Chain.



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- **6.5** On the basis of the risk assessment authorized designee of quality assurance shall establish the risk associated with the excipient manufacturer and shall establish the need of physical audit (if required), prior to inclusion of the excipient manufacturer in the approved vendor list.
- **6.6** If the audit the required the said manufacturer shall be physically audited and the audit shall be closed upon the satisfactory review of CAPA provided by the excipient manufacturer and the excipient manufacturer shall be included in the approved vendor list.
- **6.7** Ongoing risk reviews of excipient manufacturer shall be done at the time of preparation of annual product quality review and on the basis of evaluation in the annual product quality review the evaluation of the excipient manufacturer (not evaluated by audit) shall be carried out (if required). In the ongoing risk review the mentioned parameter shall be evaluated (but not limited to);
- ➤ Number of defects on received batch of Excipients.
- > Type/Severity of defects on Excipients.



QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT

PROTOCOL CUM REPORT FOR RISK ASSESSMENT FOR EXCIPIENT MANUFACTURER

- Monitoring of Excipients quality.
- Loss of relevant quality system and/or GMP certification by Excipients manufacturer.
- ➤ Observed organizational, procedural or technical/process changes at the Excipients manufacturer.
- **6.8** The risk shall be evaluated by Failure Mode Effects Analysis (FMEA) risk assessment tool. FMEA is a systematic method of identifying and preventing process problems before they occur.
- **6.9** All potential failure modes associated shall be evaluated based on the severity, probability and detectability to decide the RPN (Risk priority number) and classification of risk into low, medium and high.
- **6.10** The rating on severity, probability and detectability shall be as per the below mentioned pattern;

Severity:

Value	Description
1	Irrelevant
3	Important
5	Disastrous

Probability:

Value	Description
1	An unlikely probability of occurrence
3	An occasional probability of occurrence
5	A high probability of occurrence

Detectability:

Value	Description
1	High degree of delectability
3	Likely to detect
5	Low or no detectability

6.11 On the basis of the risk the risk priority number shall be calculated.

6.12 Calculation Of Risk Priority Number:

The composite risk for each unit operation step of its three individual component ratings: severity, probability and detectability. This composite risk is called as risk priority number (RPN).

 $RPN = S \times P \times D$



QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT

PROTOCOL CUM REPORT FOR RISK ASSESSMENT FOR EXCIPIENT MANUFACTURER

7.0 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA:

Excipient Manufacturer shall be incorporated in the approved vendor list based on the risk priority number. Excipient manufacturer having risk rating of 75 and 125 shall be incorporated in the approved vendor list only after the physical audit, successful evaluation of compliance and closure of audit report.

*RPN rating	Risk category
75 and 125	High
27 and 45	Medium
1, 3, 5, 9, 15 and 25	Low

^{*}The numbers has been assigned based on the different combination of values of severity, probability and detectability.





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PROTOCOL CUM REPORT FOR RISK ASSESSMENT FOR EXCIPIENT MANUFACTURER

8.0 RISK ASSESSMENT:

S.No.	Perceived Failure Mode	Potential Effect (Process/ End users or consequences)	S	Potential causes	P	Current control measures	D	RPN (SXPXD)	RPN category
Effect	ive Management of Quality I	Management System by	Exc	ipient Manufacturer					
1.	Failure in cGMP Compliance in the Manufacturing of Excipient.	Product may not meet predefined specification. Cross contamination	5	Manufacturers not follow cGMP. Manufacturer not	3	Vendor evaluated through vendor questionnaires prior to introduce in approved vendor list & supply of material from manufacturer In the evaluation	1	15	Minor
	No GMP certification of the excipient manufacturer from the FDA/ISO or equivalent authority.	of the product. Finished product may not comply specifications leading		aware about change management system. Manufacturer not aware about incident,		it was found that all the Quality management to avoid the failures mentioned in the perceived failure is being maintained by the			
	Failure in the change Management.	with product failures. Inadequate changes,		Deviation, OOS & OOT management system.		Manufacturer. In the evaluation it is noted			
	Failure in the Management of Incident and Deviation. Failure in Management of	incident & deviation may lead to contamination / product failure.		Persons not trained about QMS system.		that the XXX Pharma maintains the GMP according to IPEC-PQG (2006).			
	OOS and OOT.	Inadequate OOS /		Manufacturers not		XXXX is ISO 9001:2008 certified.			
	Failure in the effective management of risk involved at different stages from manufacturing to	OOT management may lead to data integrity.		have accessories to avoid risk during different stages of manufacturing to		The site is authorized by FDA, Gujarat.			
	dispatch.	Finished product		dispatch.					



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S.No.	Perceived Failure Mode	Potential Effect	S	Potential causes	P	Current control measures	D	RPN	RPN
5.110.	Tereerved Fandre Wiode	(Process/ End users	B	1 otential causes	1	Current control measures		(SXPXD)	category
		or consequences)						(6111 112)	category
		specification out of							
		acceptance criteria /							
		OOS /OOT.							
		Stability failure or							
		OOS /OOT in							
		stability studies.							
Mana	gement of Supply Chain:								
2.	Material Procured from	Product may not meet	5	Manufacturers not	3	Nitika is certified for ISO	1	15	Minor
	Direct Source;	predefined		have facility &		9001: 2008 standard for			
	Failure in Management of	specification.		procedure for storage		manufacturing and marketing			
	storage of the material			of material according		of Bulk Drugs (API/Non –			
	during the shipment of	Inadequate storage/		to requirement.		API) and food grade products			
	material.	Handling of material.				calcium, potassium, ferrous			
	Material Not Supplied in			Manufacturers not		and phosphates and maintains			
	the intact drum with proper			have procedure for		all requirements to avoid the			
	seal.	Finished product may		packing of material.		failures mention in the			
	Material supplied in the	not comply				perceived failure mode and			
	damaged drum and in open	specifications leading		Persons not trained		the compliance of the same			
	transport carriages.	with product failures.		about packing		shall be verified at the time of			
	Procedure of sending			procedure.		receipt of material.			
	Relevant Document Like								
	COA etc. delivery Challan			Manufacturers not		XXX Pharma is directly			
	etc. is not implemented at			have procedure of		supplying the materials and			
	the manufacturer end.			documentation.		maintains the required storage			
	Failure in the procurement					condition.			





S.No.	Perceived Failure Mode	Potential Effect (Process/ End users or consequences)	S	Potential causes	P	Current control measures	D	RPN (SXPXD)	RPN category
	of material directly from the manufacturer of excipient. Material Procured from indirect source; Material is procured from the trader of the material. Trader of the material supplies the material into the repackaged drum. Trader of the material performed the repackaging of material in the uncontrolled condition. Trader of the material does not maintain the storage condition at the warehouse.	Inadequate storage/ Handling of material. Cross contamination of material. Manufacturer doesn't have facility for storage of material.		Manufacturer doesn't have facility & procedure for storage of material according to requirement. Untrained persons.					
Manu	facturing Process of Excipier	nt:	1		L	,	I		
03	Raw Material Origin: Raw Material used in the manufacturing of excipients derived from the Animal Origin. Failure in Management of TSE/BSE of the material involved in the	Product may not meet predefined specification. Cross contamination of the product.	5	No procedure for handling of TSE/BSE. Untrained persons.	3	TSE/BSE Declaration of the Material is available which indicates that Tri Calcium Phosphate is TSE/BSE free. XXXXX Pharma maintains all the procedures to avoid the failures mentioned in the	1	15	Minor



S.No.	Perceived Failure Mode	Potential Effect (Process/ End users or consequences)	S	Potential causes	P	Current control measures	D	RPN (SXPXD)	RPN category
	manufacturing of excipient.					perceived failure mode.			
	Site Organization:								
	Excipient Manufacturer			Dedicated facility /		Cleaning process is validated			
	does not have dedicated site			equipment not		and both rinse and swab			
	for the manufacturing of			available.		samples are considered for			
	Excipient.					verification.			
	Manufacturing								
	Equipment and Process ;	Mix-up & Cross		No procedure		The production Site is			
	Cleaning and sanitization of	contamination of the		available.		involved in manufacturing of			
	equipment and area is not in	product.				bulk drugs for			
	place between the			Untrained persons.		pharmaceuticals and food			
	changeovers for the					grade.			
	manufacturing of different								
	material.					Tri Calcium Phosphate,			
	Equipment logs and the			Inadequate / No		Manufactured by XXXXX			
	preventive maintenance are	Unwanted		information of		Pharma is compliant to BP			
	not in the place.	breakdowns.		manufacturing		and USP requirement.			
	Manufacturing of Excipient	Delay in		process.					
	is not being carried out in	manufacturing							
	controlled condition.	activity / supply of		No procedure for		The relevant batch			
		materials.		recording of		documentation is maintained			
	The equipment and utilities	Cross contamination		manufacturing		by the Manufacturer as per in			
	are not qualified.	of materials.		details.		house policy for retention of			
		Failure of product as				documents.			
	Utilities like water/air are	per product		No accessories for					
	not monitored on a periodic	specification.		preventive					



S.No.	Perceived Failure Mode	Potential Effect (Process/ End users or consequences)	S	Potential causes	P	Current control measures	D	RPN (SXPXD)	RPN category
	basis.			maintenance of		Traceability of the products			
		Cross contamination		equipments.		maintained as per batch			
	Manufacturer does not	of material. Shutdown				documentation.			
	maintain the manufacturing	of area / delay in		Untrained persons for					
	record.	supply of materials.		preventive		Master Validation and			
				maintenance of		Calibration Planner is in place			
		Inadequate		equipments.		to conduct and track			
		manufacturing				calibration, Qualification /			
	Deviations are not being	process due to lacking		Inadequate /		Validation.			
	maintained at the time of	in standard		insufficient man					
	deviation of process	manufacturing		power for preventive					
	parameters and	instructions.		maintenance.					
	environmental condition.	Inadequate CAPA							
		management & QMS		No procedure for		A CoA is sent to customer for			
		system.		area, equipment &		each lot number.			
				utility qualification.					
				Format of batch					
				manufacturing record not available.					
				No procedure for					
				handling of deviation.					
				Untrained persons for					
Donto	of Administration of Excipi	ont.		handling of deviation.					
04	The excipients used in the	Inadequate	5	No procedure for	3	The material is used in the	1	15	Minor
U 4	individual dose are more	formulation of	5	evaluation of R&D)	Tablet formulation.	1	13	WHIIOI
-	marviduai dose are more	101 IIIuIatioii 01		evaluation of K&D		1 auto 101111utation.			





QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT

S.No.	Perceived Failure Mode	Potential Effect (Process/ End users or consequences)	S	Potential causes	P	Current control measures	D	RPN (SXPXD)	RPN category
	that the recommended daily dose of the excipient in the case of oral dosage of Tablet/Capsule and Pellets.	product.		batches.		Stability data of Product available which indicate that the excipient does not impose any adverse effect in formulation/impurity level.			
05	Excipient impacts directly on the manufacturing process/bioavailability and the stability of the drug product to be manufactured.	Product may not meet predefined specification. Finished product specification out of acceptance criteria / OOS /OOT. Stability failure or OOS /OOT in stability studies.	5	No procedure for evaluation of R&D batches. No procedure for evaluation of stability data.	3	Stability of Product in which the Tri Calcium Phosphate is used, is available and data indicate that excipient does not impose any adverse impact on the excipient.	1	15	Minor



QUALITY ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT

PROTOCOL CUM REPORT FOR RISK ASSESSMENT FOR EXCIPIENT MANUFACTURER

9.0 **DEVIATION**:

No Deviation has been observed during the risk evaluation of the quality management system of Tri Calcium Phosphate manufacturer.

10.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION:

On the basis of Risk Assessment it is concluded that XXXXX Pharma maintains the required quality management system for the manufacturing of Tri Calcium Phosphate and used the validated system. Manufacturer has provided all the required information for evaluation. Hence on the basis of risk assessment it is concluded that the manufacture can be included in the approved vendor list. Ongoing quality evaluation shall be carried out during receipt of supply and if any failure in supply and formulation observed, the said manufacturer shall be audited.